


|  <b>South Farnham School</b><br>The Continual Pursuit of Excellence<br>Part of the South Farnham Educational Trust | French Subject Knowledge Organiser |        |          |
|--|------------------------------------|--------|----------|
|  | Spring Term 2                      | Year 6 | En ville |

### What prior knowledge should students have?

- Vocabulary (Bonjour, Au-revoir, Je m'appelle, J'aime, Bonne Anniversaire, J'habite de, A l'école)
- How to name some modes of transport.
- How to name members of their families.
- How to use verbs at correct tenses.

### What skills will students learn? (Disciplinary Knowledge)

- Learn words for different places to live using a dictionary or visual clues.
- Learn and practise to talk in detail about where they live.
- Practise using the possessive adjectives, with support, to form longer, detailed sentences.
- Learn and practise using "le" and "la" for the correct words- feminine or masculine.
- Learn to identify and name things that they can find within close location- Farnham.
- Learn and practise using the phrase "beaucoup de..." and the negative "Il n'y a pas...de" in their sentences.

### Key Vocabulary

### Definition

|   |  |
|---|--|
| En ville  | In the city                                    |
| Grande ville, à la campagne....                   | In a big house, in the countryside...          |
| 'Qu'est-ce qu'il-y-a à Farnham?'                  | What is there in Farnham?                      |
| 'Beaucoup de...'                                  | Plenty of...                                   |
| 'Il n'y a pas'                                    | There isn't....                                |
| "Un théâtre, une gare, une office de tourisme..." | A theatre, A train station, A travel agency... |

### What key knowledge will be taught? (Substantive Knowledge)

- Practise naming different places where we can live.
- Consolidate their dialogue skills in French by asking and answering simple questions about where they live.
- How to describe different places using the correct possessive adjectives and verb tenses.
- Consolidate using the masculine and feminine of words, and the negative phrase "Il n'y a pas..." when speaking in full sentences.



**La Conjugaison du Verbe**  
**LIVE Habiter**  
**Verbe du premier groupe**

French: J'habite, Tu habites, Il/Elle habite, Nous habitons, Vous habitez, Ils/Elles habitent.  
English: I live, You (m/f) live, He/She lives, We live, You (pl) live, They live.

ex: Où habitez-vous? J'habite à Bucarest.  
ex: Where do you live? I live in Bucharest.

**En ville il y a ....**

- ... une gare
- ... une poste
- ... une église
- ... un restaurant
- ... beaucoup de magasins
- ... une banque

**Useful phrases**

On peut bien manger, parce qu'il y a beaucoup de restaurants  
J'habite dans une grande ville industrielle qui se trouve dans le nord-ouest de l'Angleterre

One can eat well because there are lots of restaurants  
I live in a big industrial town which is in the north west of England

**revisionworld**