

 South Farnham School The Continual Pursuit of Excellence Part of the South Farnham Educational Trust	Games Subject Knowledge Organiser		
	Summer Term	Year 6	Cricket

What prior knowledge should students have?

- Pupils have developed an ability to strike a bowled ball with increased power and accuracy.
- Pupils have begun to identify areas of the field that can be targeted to be more successful.

What skills will students learn? (Disciplinary Knowledge)

- To develop the correct technique to catch a high and low ball (fingers pointing up and down)
- To use the correct technique to throw a ball underarm and overarm with accuracy.
- To develop the correct technique to bowl a ball overarm and underarm with a variety of deliveries (flat, loopy, quick) and a run up.
- To use the correct technique and grip when batting to play a variety of shots (defensive, pull shot, cover drive).

What key knowledge will be taught? (Substantive Knowledge)

- To know the correct techniques for batting, bowling and catching.
- To understand the correct rules for a game of cricket and apply them to match situations.
- To understand that fielders need to communicate when playing a game to return the ball quickly to teammates.

Key Vocabulary

Definition

Cradle catch	A catching technique where the ball is cradled in both hands with thumbs pointing upwards and fingers meeting underneath the ball, providing a <u>secure and comfortable catch</u> .
Pull shot	An attacking shot played by the batsman to hit the ball on the leg side (the batsman's right or left side depending on their handedness). It involves a shuffling movement of the feet towards the leg side and a swinging motion of the bat to hit the ball across the field.
Defensive shot	A shot played by the batsman to block or deflect the ball away from the wicket. It involves a back lift with the bat, followed by the front foot moving forward to meet the ball, and the bat face angled slightly downwards at impact.
Straight drive	A powerful shot played by the batsman along the ground in the direction of the bowler. It uses a similar technique to the defensive shot, but with the batsman accelerating through the ball for maximum power.

Correct technique to grip a cricket bat

- For a right-hander the left hand should be at the top of the handle - vice versa for a left-hander.
- Check both hands are close together on the bat, towards the top of the handle.
- Form a "V" by pointing your thumb and forefinger down between outside edge and centre of back of bat.
- The top hand rests comfortably on the inside of the front thigh (left thigh for a right hander).

