## Classifying quadrilaterals and triangles

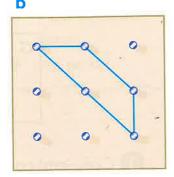
## Classify quadrilaterals and triangles

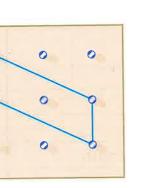
- Opy these quadrilaterals on to the  $3 \times 3$  pinboards.
- For each quadrilateral:
  - write its name
  - b mark the equal sides
  - c mark each pair of equal angles in the same colour
  - d draw the axes of symmetry.

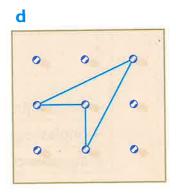
## <del>Excesses excesses</del>

You need:

- RCM 2: 3 × 3 pinboards
- ruler
- colouring materials

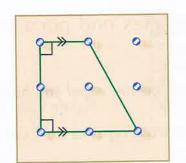


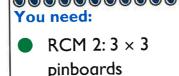




- On RCM 2, draw 16
  different quadrilaterals.
  Include those drawn in
  the activity.
- 2 Name each quadrilateral.
- 3 Mark the parallel sides >>.
- Mark the perpendicular sides \_\_\_\_.
- Mark each pair of equal angles in the same colour.

## Example





- ruler
- colouring materials

6 Copy and complete the table.

For each property, record the number for these shapes: parallelogram, kite and trapezium.

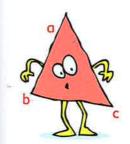
Property	parallelogram	kite	trapezium
opposite angles equal			
one or two right angles			I
one pair of parallel sides			Ĭ
two pairs of parallel sides			
perpendicular sides			1

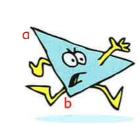
- How many triangles can you find in this diagram?
- 2 How many triangles are:
  - a isosceles?
  - b scalene?
- 3 Draw a regular pentagon.

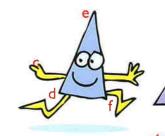
Then draw in all the diagonals.

How many triangles of different sizes can you find?

Draw a different pentagon for each triangle and colour the triangle.









- ruler
- colouring materials

